Planting Money.

Exploring the Implications of Federal & State Environmental Justice Policy in Relation to Funding for Green Space Projects in Baltimore Neighborhoods

Molly Finch
Thesis presentation
4/12/24

Planting Money.

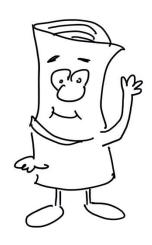
Exploring the Implications of the Federal & State
Environmental Justice Policy Relation Funding
Green Space Projects Baltimore Neighborhoods

Planting Money.

Federal & State Environmental Justice Policy

Funding

Green Space Projects in Baltimore



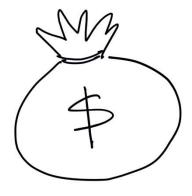


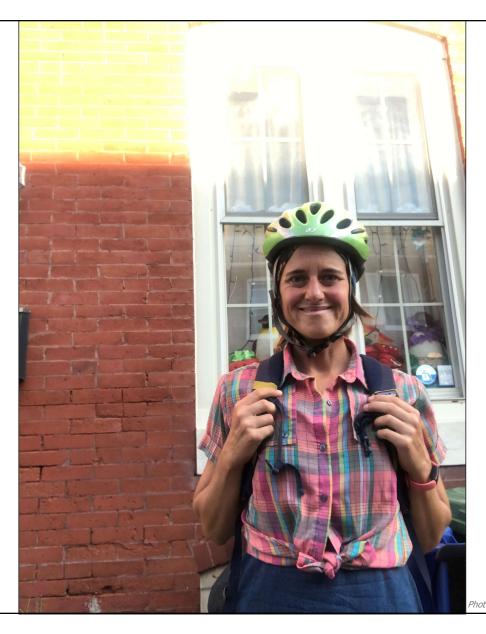




Photo: M. Finch, 2023

Presentation Outline

- Positionality
- Research motivation
- 1. How research can be guided by community engagement
- 2. How urban greening presents in cities
- 3. How policies seek environmental justice
- Full circle



Positionality

Photo: M. Finch, 2022



Research motivation



Photo: M. Finch, 20.

Photo: M. Finch, 2023

Part 1.

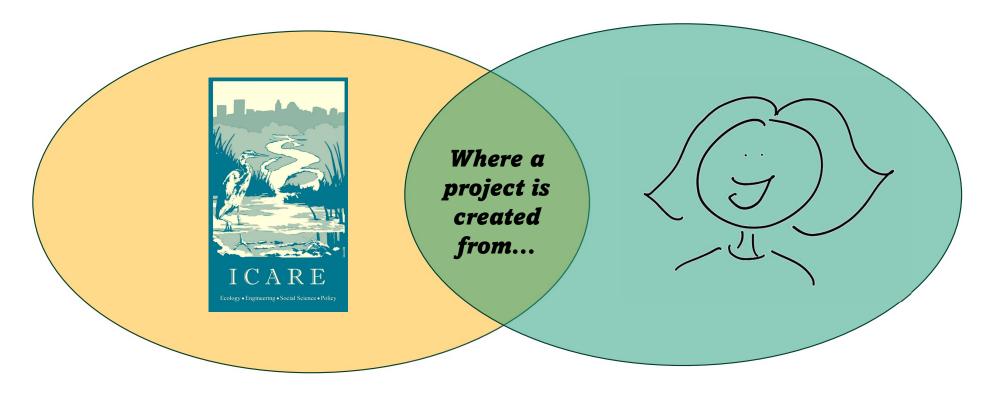
How research can be guided by community engagement

DOING FIELD WORK IN BALTIMORE



ICARE Goals

Personal Goals



Community-Engaged Research?

ACADEMY



COMMUNITY



Community-Engaged Research Continuum

Community Involvement/Activity						
Community is not included in any aspect of the research	Community informs the research and may or may not be informed or included (or know they're informing)	Community provides input and feedback to researchers to inform the research	Community has some active role in the research	Community initiates the research agenda/priorities	Community shared equally in decision- making and ownership	Community leads and owns the research
No Community Involvement	Community Informed	Community Consultation	Community Participation	Community Initiated	Community Based Participatory Research	Community Driven/Lead
Researcher works independent of community	Information is gleaned from the community which informs the research 'ear hustling'	Researcher consults with community and includes community in the research (front end or back end)	Researcher includes community in the research in a define role	Researcher responds to specific needs or asks from community	Researcher shares equally in decision- making and ownership with community	Researcher supports community identified research efforts or serves no role

Community-Engaged Research Continuum

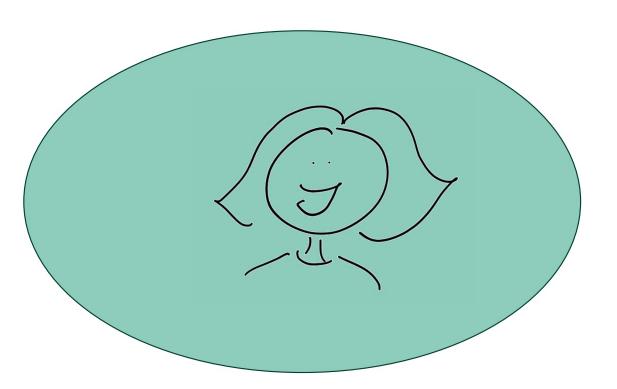
		Commu	ınity Involvement	/Activity		
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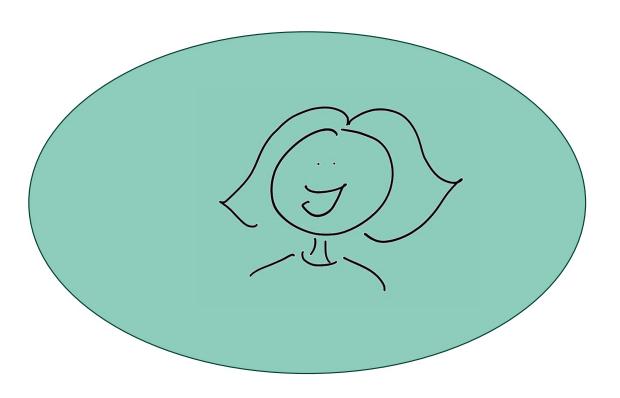
Personal Goals

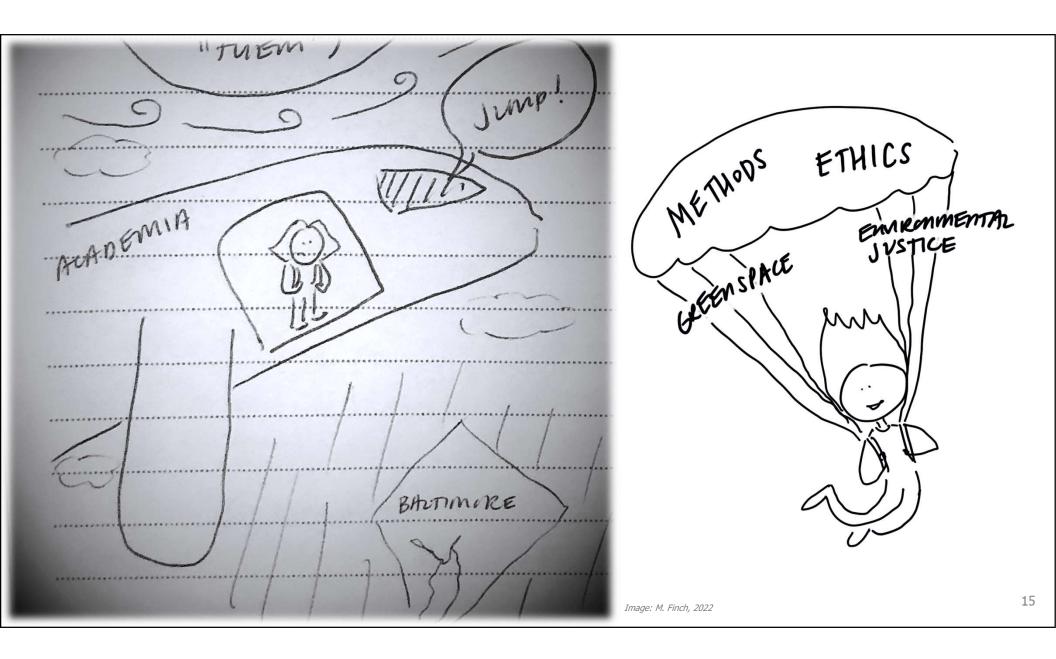
- Baltimore City
- Make environmental justice connection
- Neighborhood-level organizing

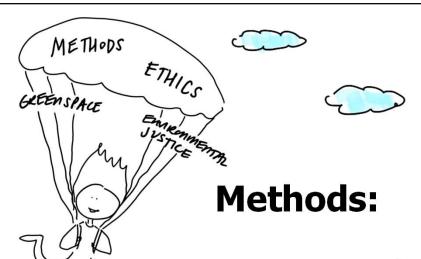


Personal Goals

- Baltimore City
- Make environmental justice connection
- Neighborhood-level organizing
- New-to-me space







<u>Participant observation</u>: Engaging and participating with activities related to my research themes.

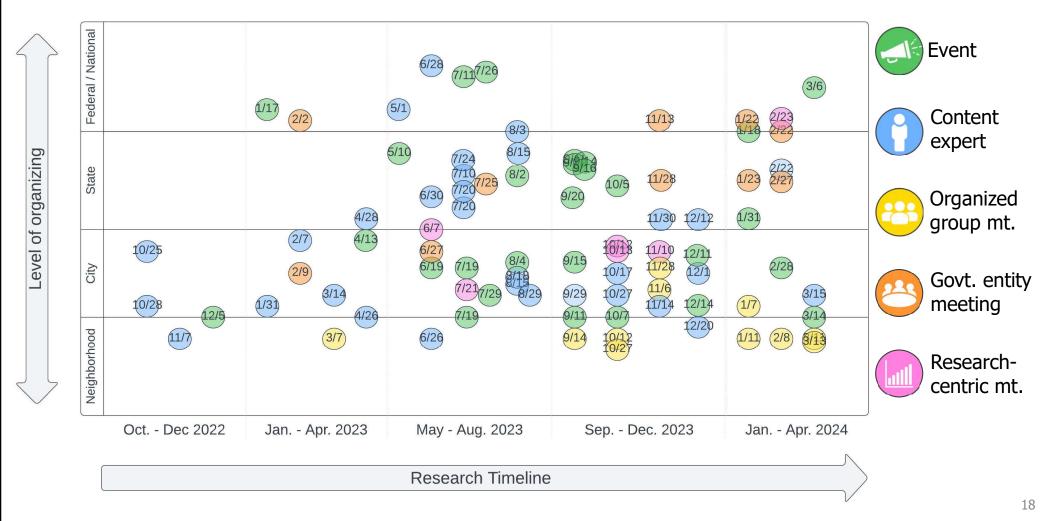
<u>Informational interviews</u>: Semi-structured interviews with content experts.

<u>Document review</u>: Policies, reports, planning documents, news media, grants.

Research Activities List

	Activity categories	# of occurrences	Examples of activity topics
	Event	35	Public information sessions; funding information sessions; symposiums or talks; green space volunteer events
C	Content expert conversation	30	Expertise in environmental justice policy, green space implementation, community development, and citywide organizing
	Organized group meeting	10	Neighborhood association meetings; housing-focused working groups
	Government entity meeting	8	State commissions; City Council committees; federal partnerships
	Research-centric meeting	3	Federally funded research programs based in Baltimore
	TOTAL	86	Total # of unique activities.

Type of Activity Over Research Timeline





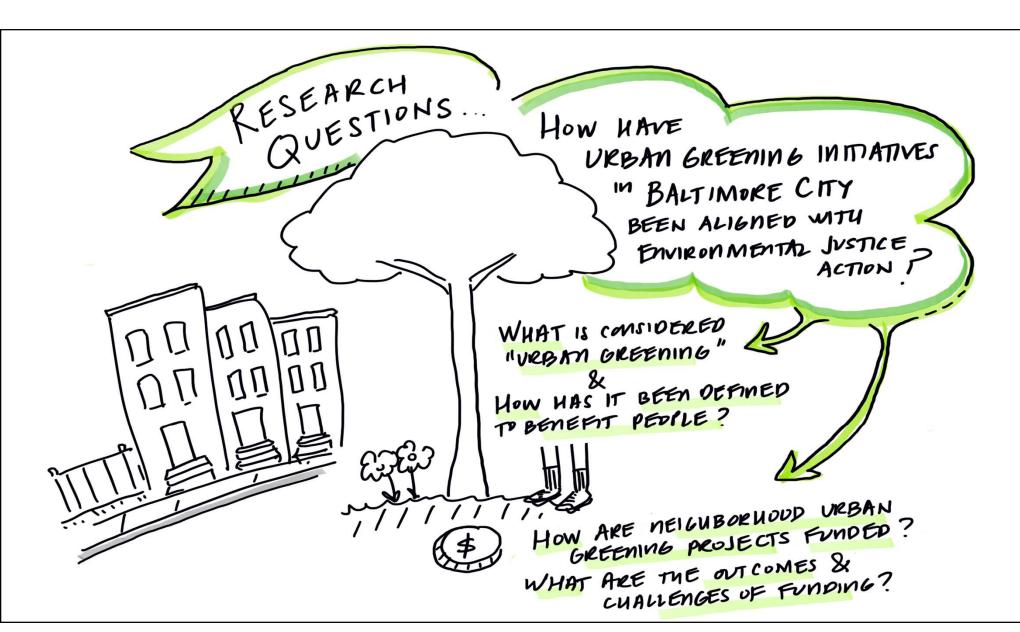
Part 2. How urban greening presents in cities



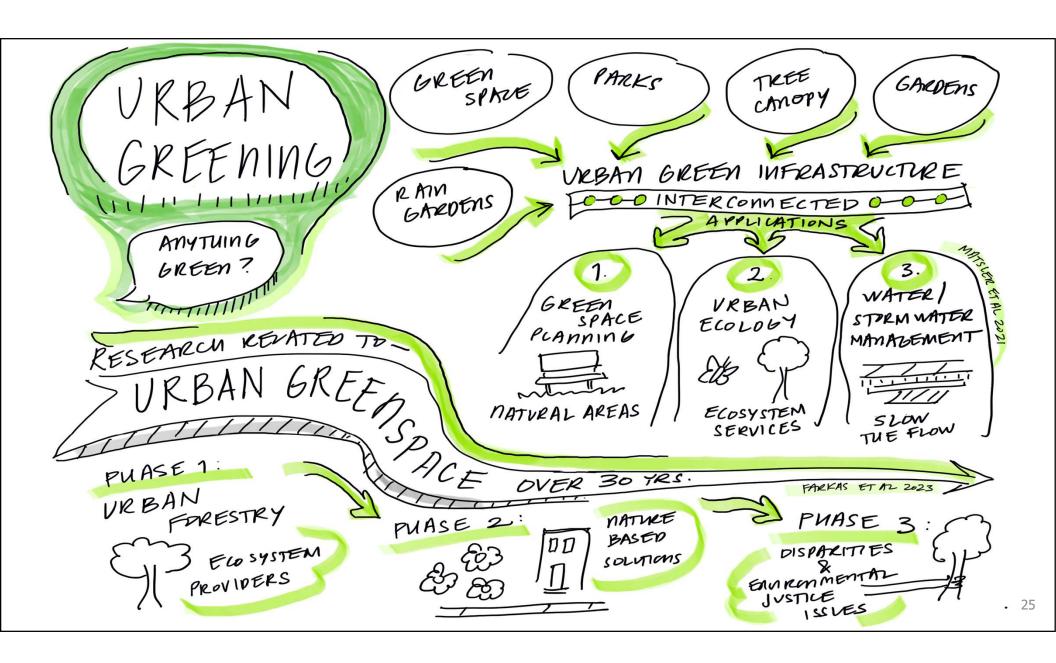
Brown, 2021

urban greening?

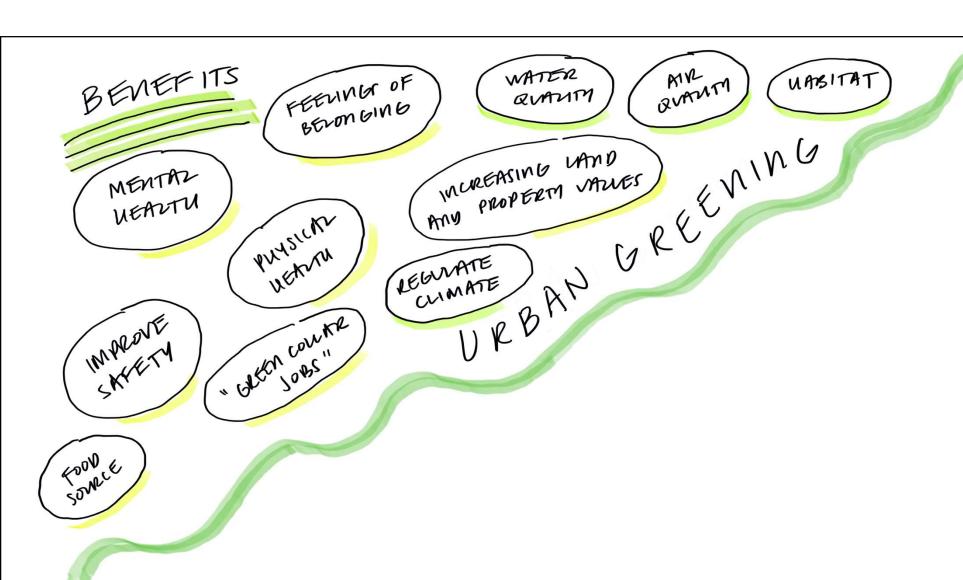


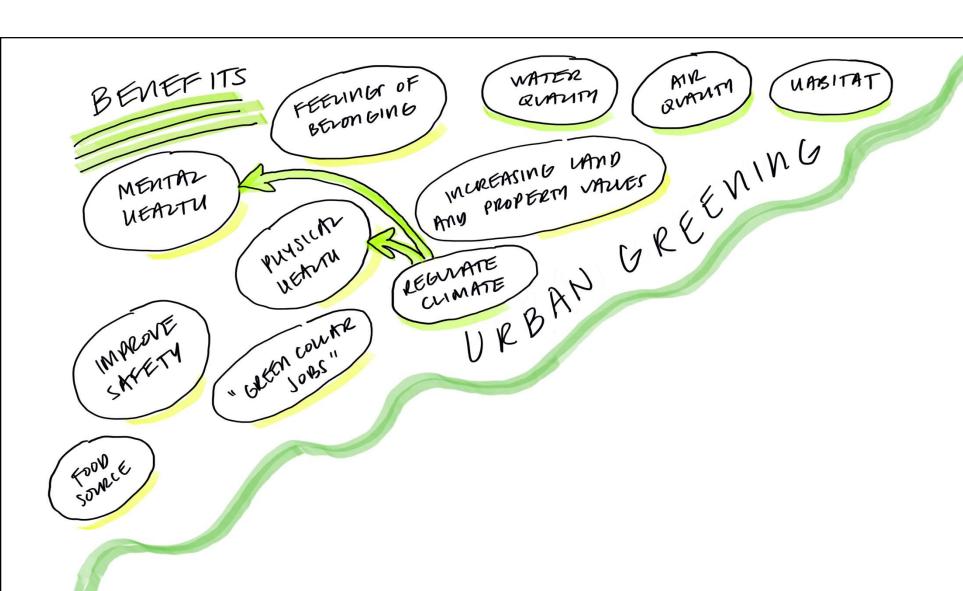


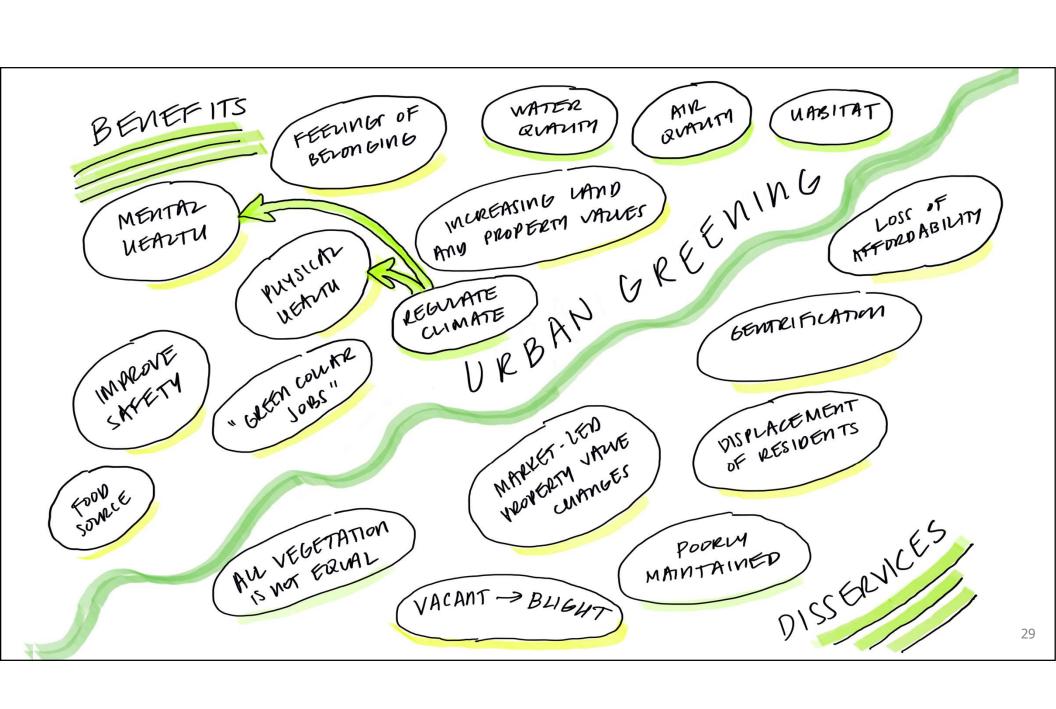


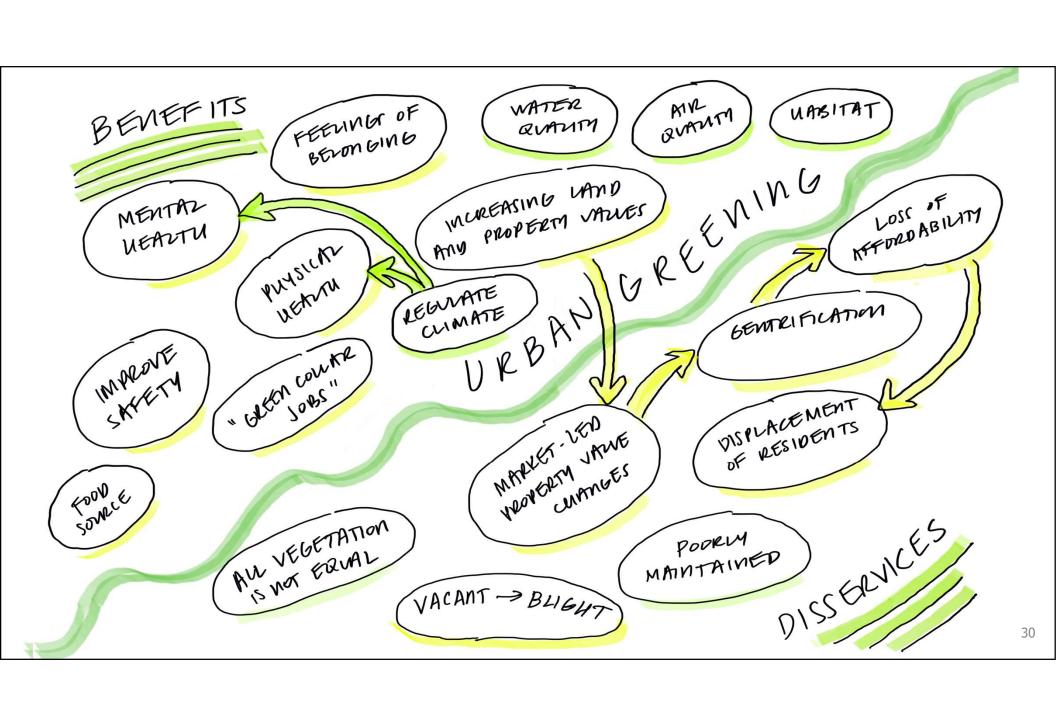


URBAN GREENING









News Coverage of "Urban Greening"

April 17, 1996 - St. Louis, MO

From Enterprise Zones, More Hope Than Progress

By Tim Poor and Genaro C. Armas Post-Dispatch Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON

ifteen months after winning a \$2.95 million federal grant, St. Louisans are just beginning, literally, to sow the first seeds of the urban renewal it promises.

This week, 12 neighborhood groups began planting trees, shrubs and perennials to beautify eyesores that dot the city's economically depressed areas. The results will be visible almost immediately - something that can't be said for most other projects in President Bill Clinton's "enterprise community" program.

Republicans, including Missouri Sen. Christopher S. Bond and Rep. James Talent, say Clinton's approach is bogged down in bureaucracy and governed by politics rather than need. The critics want to shift emphasis toward tax credits and other incentives for private action.

Administration officials and some urban experts counsel patience. Private incentives are important but not sufficient, they contend. Federal money for job training, more police officers and projects like "urban greening" will pay off in time, they say.

Old North St. Louis

Gloria Bratkowski has heard it all before — the big plans to lure businesses, build housing and create jobs. So far, none of it has made much difference in her Old North St. Louis neighborhood, just north of downtown, where she has lived for 20 years. She's watched people move out and absen-

See RENEWAL, Page 7



Sam Leone/Post-Dispatch

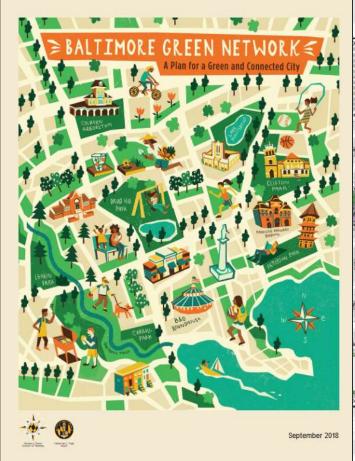
Gloria Bratkowski stands in a vacant lot that will become part of an "urban greening" project promoted by the administration of President Bill Clinton. The lot is in the Old North St. Louis neighborhood, just north of downtown.

Bratkowski is the first to admit that trees and flowers are a tiny step toward fixing the problems.

City-wide plans

Neighborhood plans

Community effort



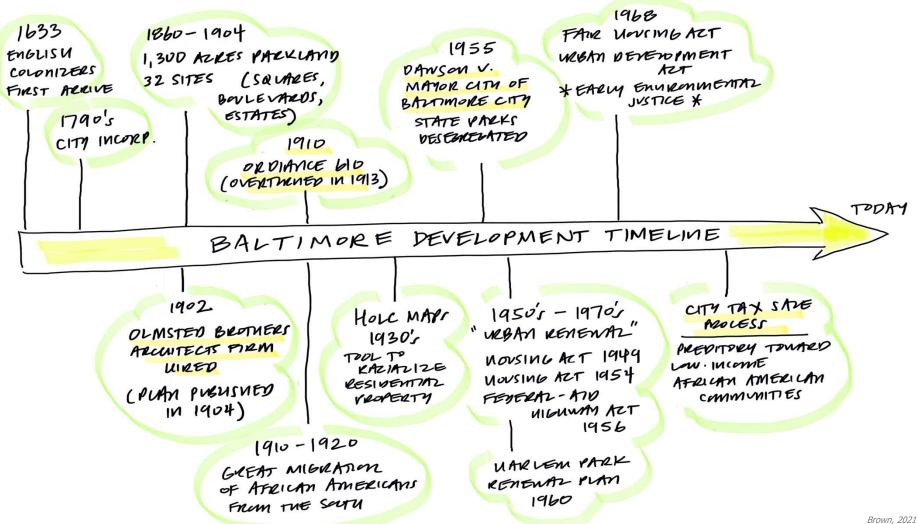




City of Baltimore Depart. of Planning

Harlem Park Neighborhood Master Plan

Neighborhood and green space development in Baltimore



33



Photo: M. Finch, 2023

Questions for "Urban Greening Actors" (aka Implementors)

1.

Who mainly provides funding for your greening projects and has this changed over the past 5-10 years?

Funding source



issues

3.

What concerns, challenges, or limitations have you encountered related to funding and/or urban greening projects?

City-wide tracking

2

Are you aware of any <u>database for</u>
<u>Baltimore greening projects</u> that would include information on type of project, location, and funding source?

Responses from "Urban Greening Actors"

Staff influenced:

Related to staff capacity, expertise, and organization scale.

Mix of sources:

Funding source diversity balances burden.

Funders mentioned:

- Chesapeake Bay Trust (CBT)
- National Fish & Wildlife Foundation (NFWF)
- Chesapeake & Atlantic Coastal Bays Trust Fund (MD-DNR)

Funding source **Funding** issues City-wide tracking

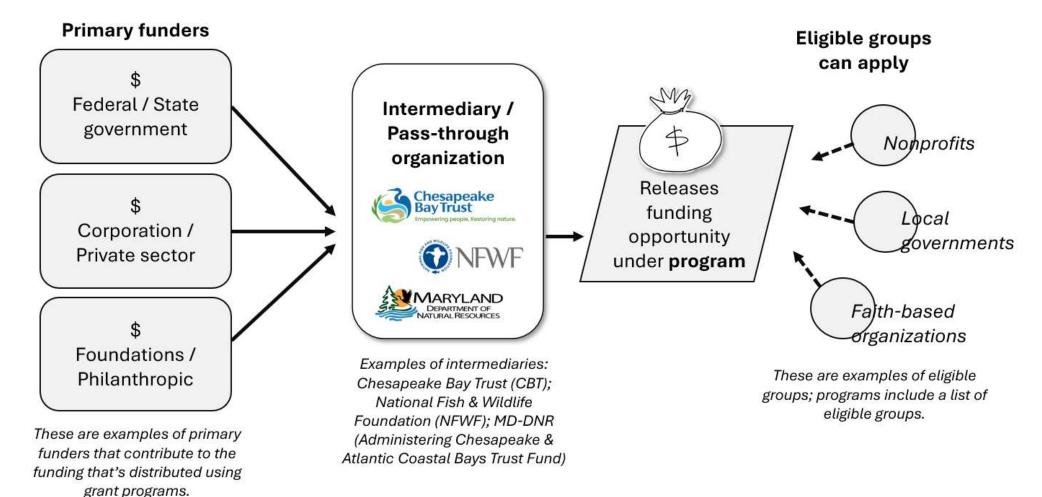
Federal concern: Experience having to front money and wait for reimbursement.

"Not environmental enough": Project ranking prioritizes environmental metrics that don't meet neighborhood needs.

Lacks sustainability: Lack of funding for long-term maintenance; depends on community for sustaining care.

Funding sources may have information.

How Funding Flows through Intermediary Organizations

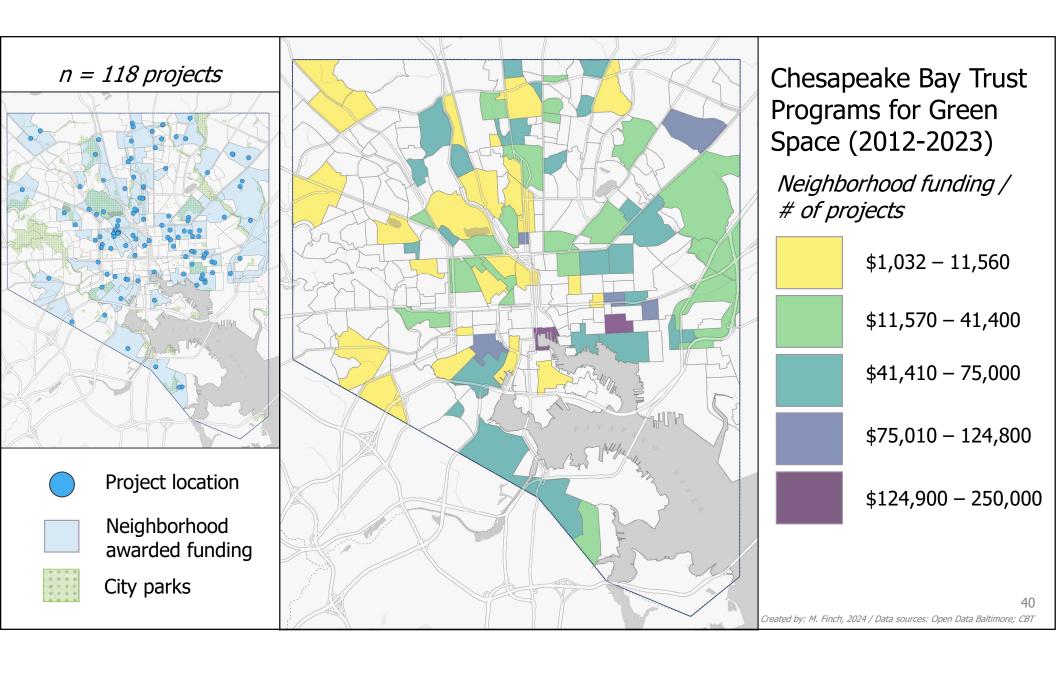


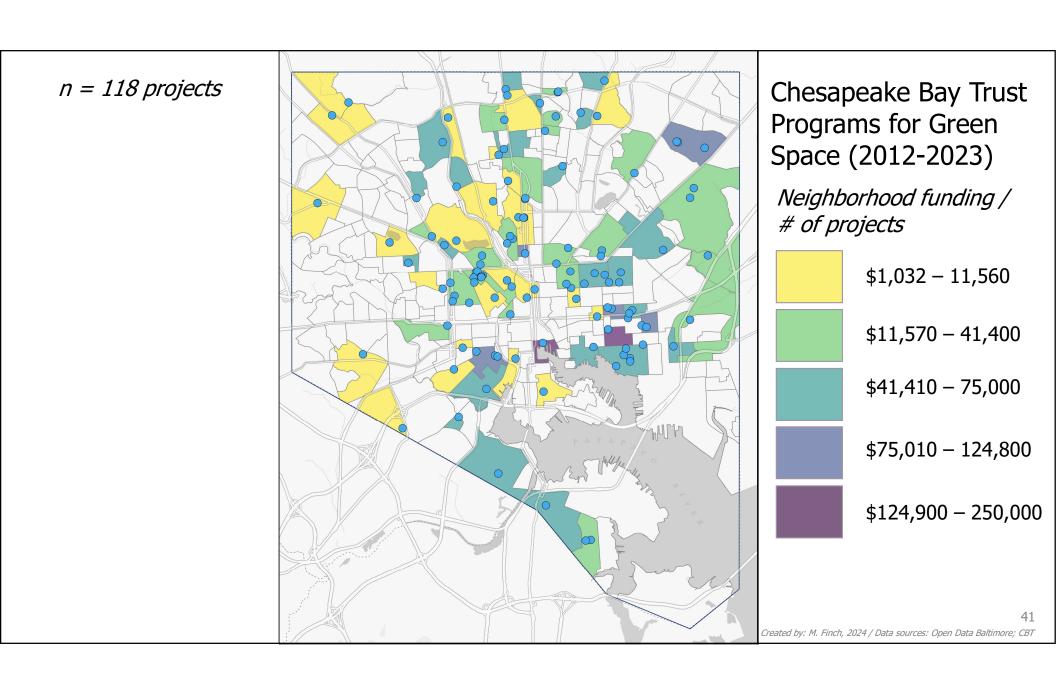
Specific Funding Programs Mentioned by "Urban Greening Actors"

Funder	Program	Program metrics mentioned in Request for Proposal (RFP)	Award amount Projects of interest
Chesapeake Bay Trust Empowering people. Restoring nature.	Green Streets, Green Jobs, Green Towns Grant	# of trees planted; amount of area being replanted or impervious being removed	Up to \$50,000
Chesapeake Bay Trust (CBT)	Outreach and Restoration Grant	No stated metric; has a list of criteria including impact on water quality, natural resources, and community needs.	Up to \$125,000
	Urban Tree Grant	# of trees planted (key metric as part of state-wide 5 million trees by 2031 goal)	Up to \$45,000 Depending on size of planting
National Fish & Wildlife Foundation (NFWF)	Small Watershed Grant	# of trees planted; annual nitrogen, phosphorous, and/or sediment load reductions from projects.	\$150,000 - \$1M Depending on project type

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End of Part 2



Urban greening

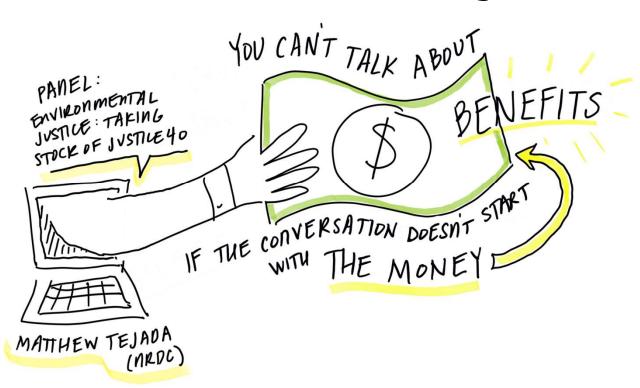


Benefits for people



Funding and limits

Part 3. How policies seek environmental justice





Warren County PCB Landfill Protest (1982)



PCB PROTESTS

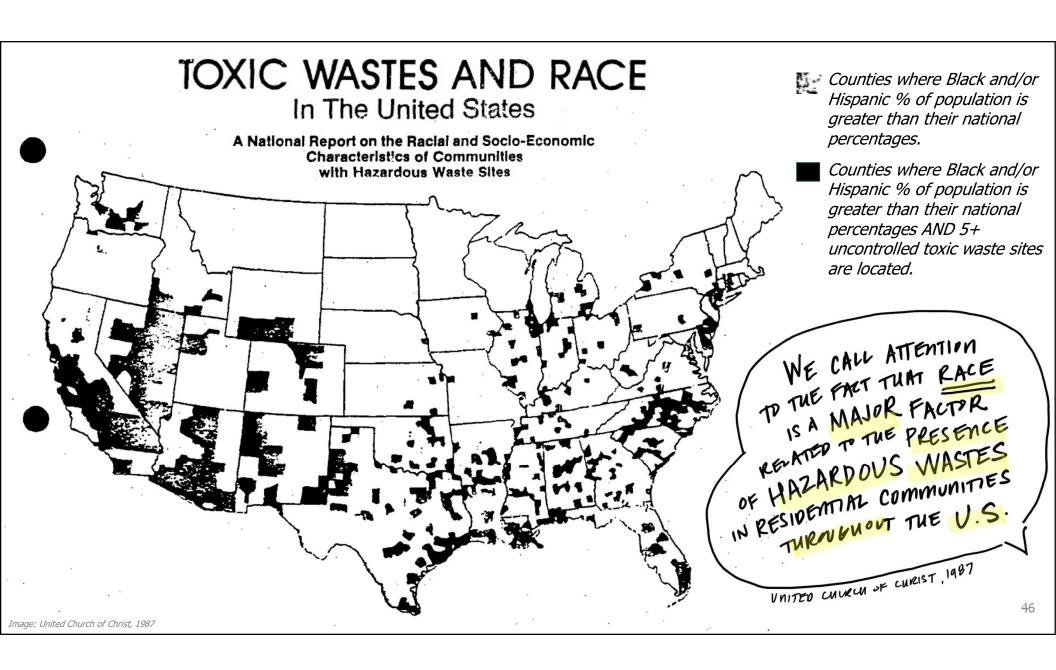
Toxic waste illegally dumped along N.C. roads was moved to landfill 2 mi. E., 1982. Protests sparked environmental justice movement in U.S.

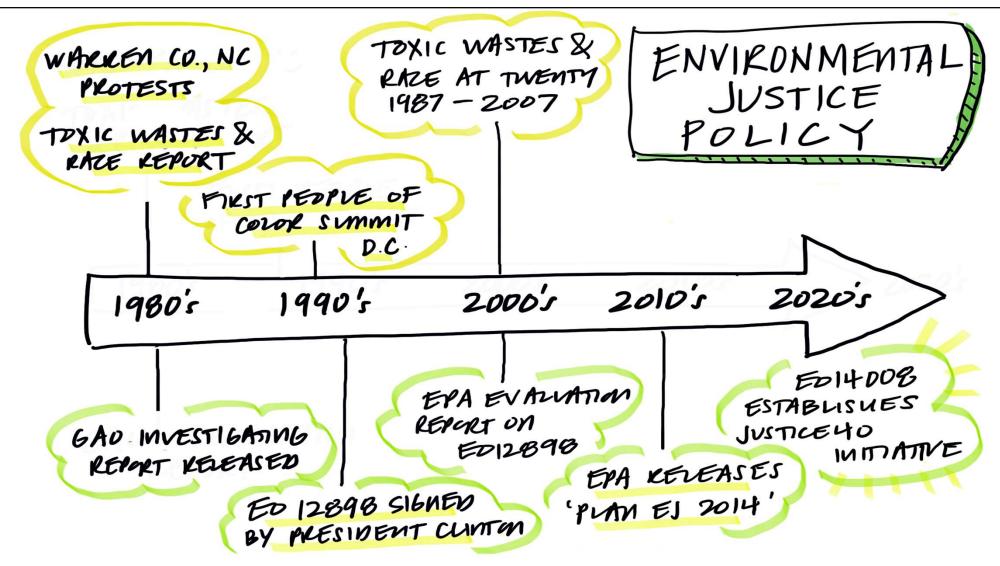
< Protesters from Afton, NC laying in street to block dumptrucks.

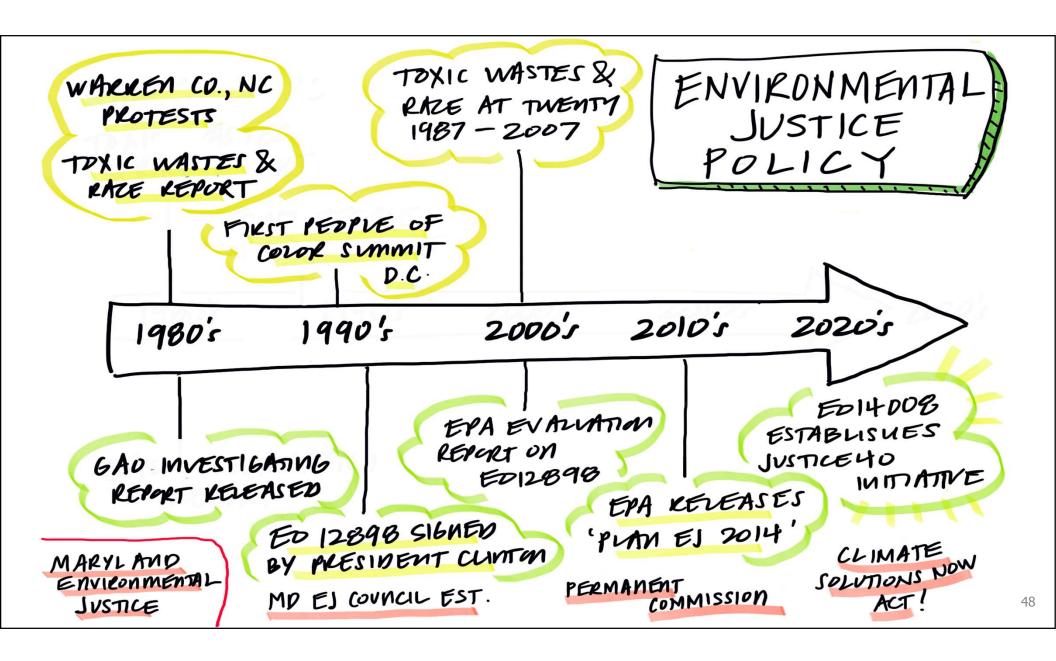
Source: Blackpast.org

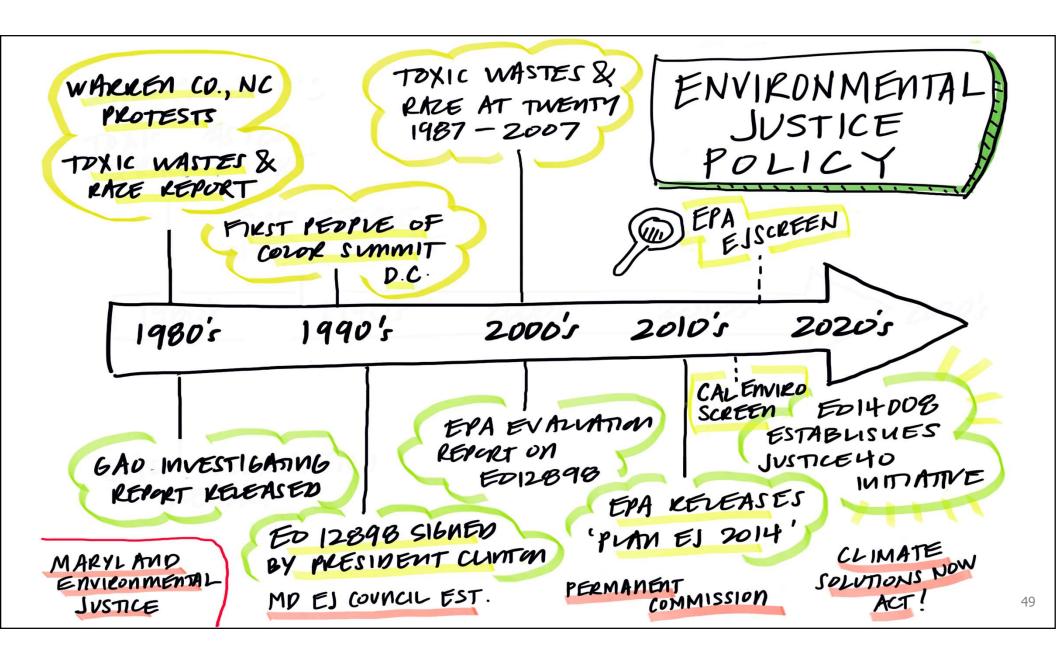
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Image: BFA Environmental Consultants, Loka Ashwood

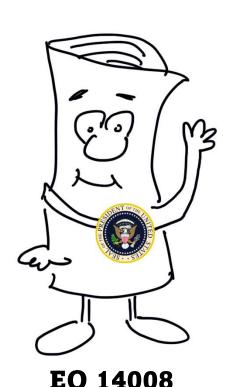








Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad (EO 14008)



1/27/21



New initiative: Justice40

Goal that 40 percent of the overall benefit from certain Federal investments flow to disadvantaged communities; focus investment areas include: clean energy, clean transit, affordable & sustainable housing, workforce development, legacy pollution, clean water infrastructure, and climate change



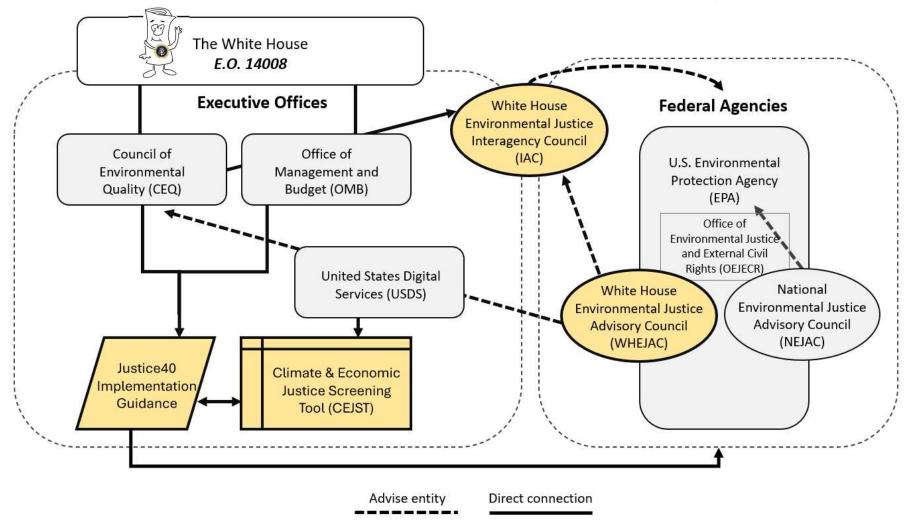
New & updated advisory groups:

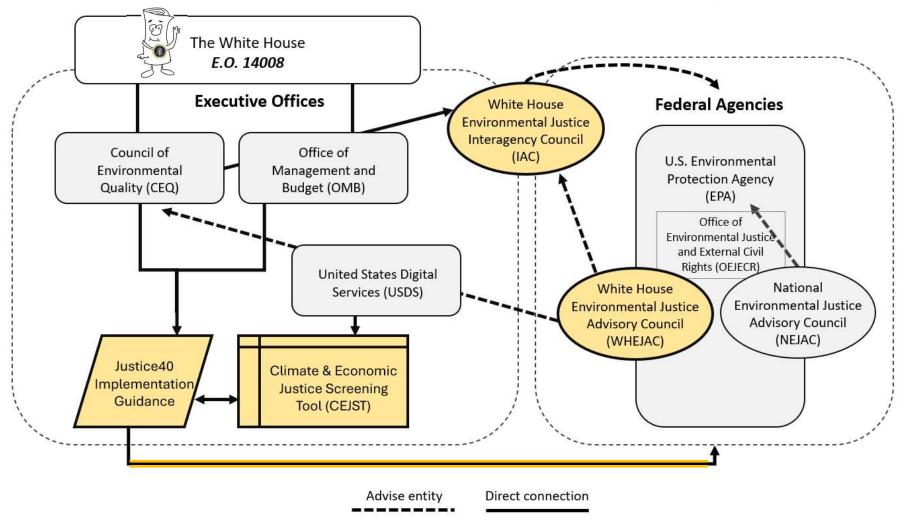
White House Environmental Justice Advisory Council (WHEJAC); Interagency Council (IAC)

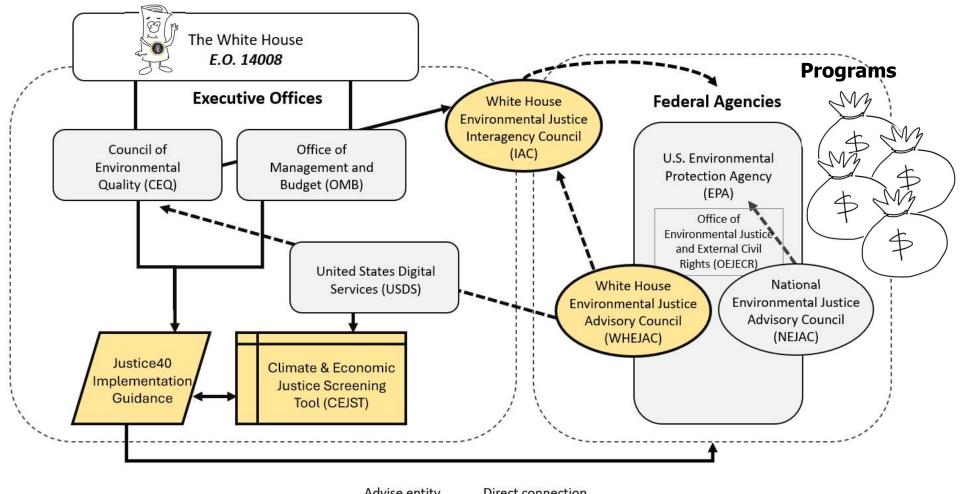


New tool:

Climate & Economic Justice Screening Tool (CEJST)

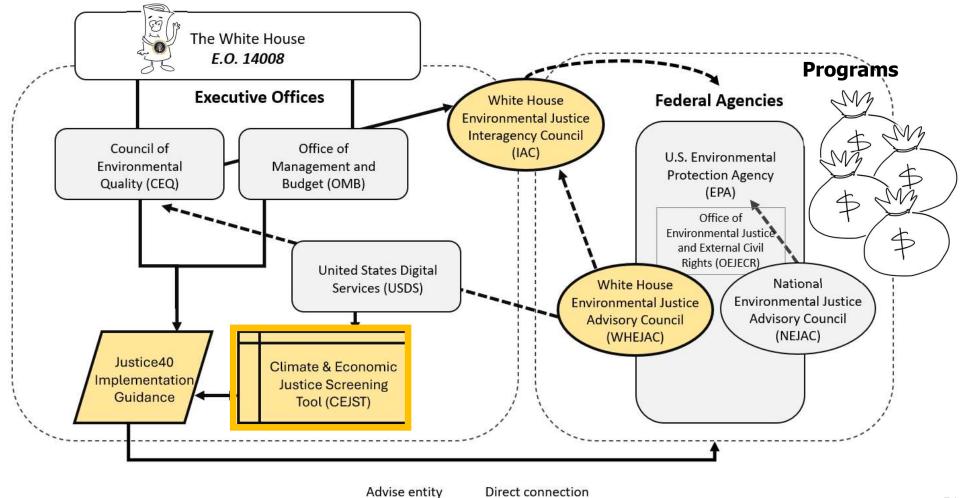




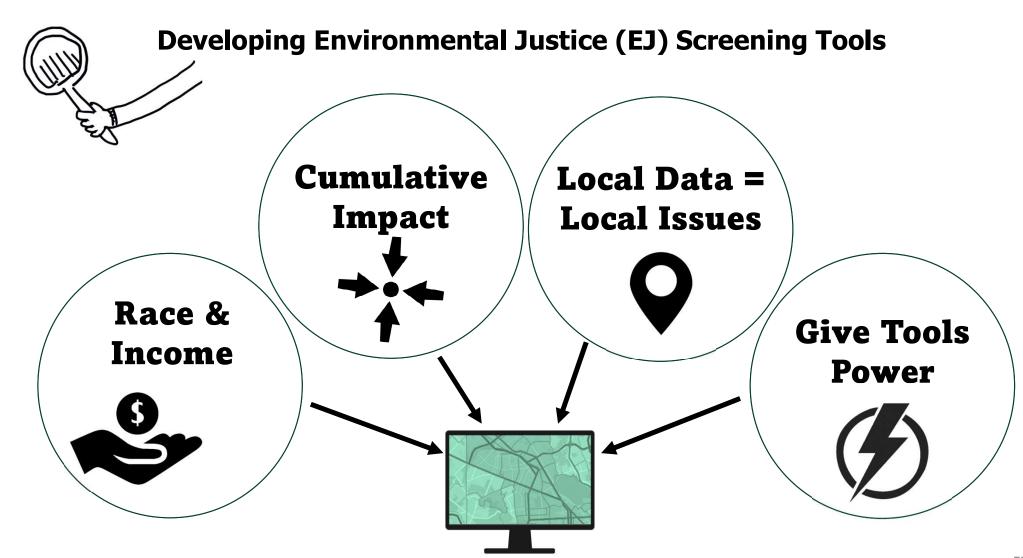


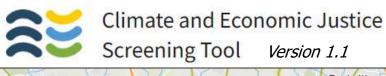
Advise entity

Direct connection



Advise entity

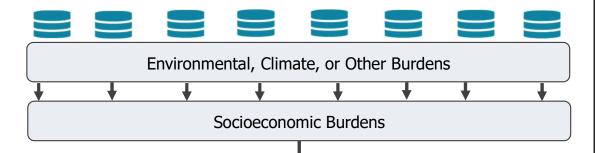




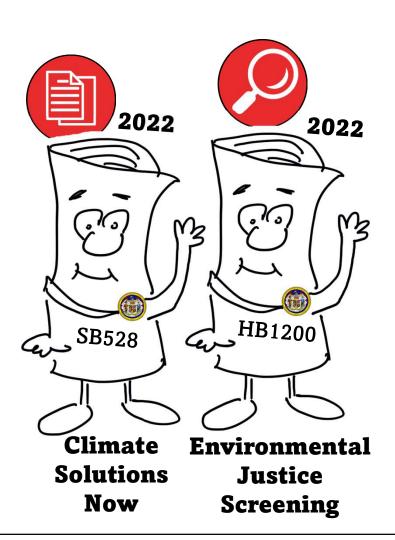


Scale	U.S. states & territories	
Environmental Justice Definition	Communities are "disadvantaged" if they exceed thresholds within categories of "burden"; categories combine (1) environmental, climate, or other burdens, AND (2) socioeconomic burdens.	
Concern for Environmental Justice	Does not include <u>race</u> . Does not include <u>cumulative impact</u> .	

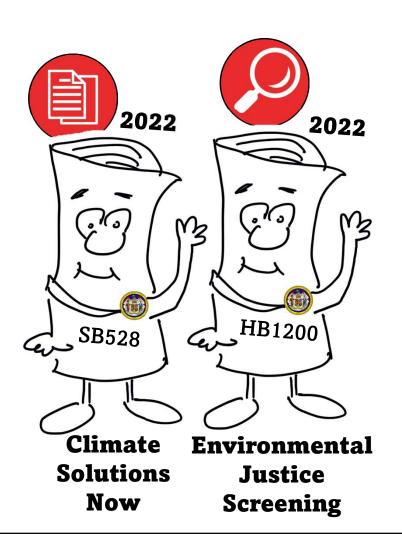
Method for Identifying Communities



"Disadvantaged community" Census tracts (2010)







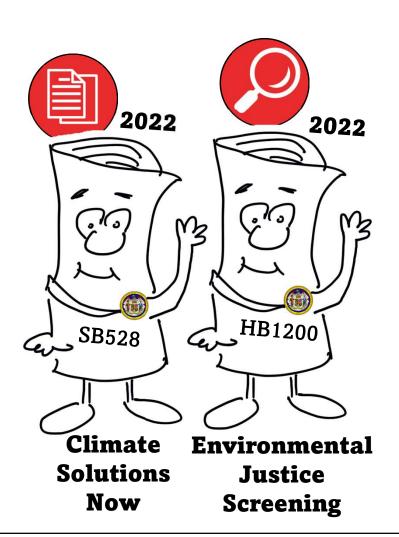




Defines "overburdened" and "underserved" communities.



requires score for specific MDE permit applications; requires developing screening tool.







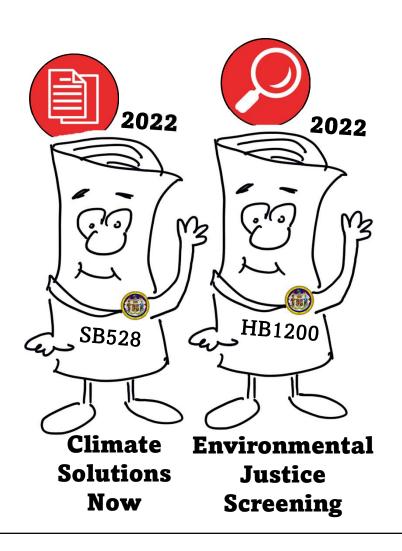
Defines "<u>overburdened</u>" and "<u>underserved</u>" communities.



Defines 'EJ Scores' and requires score for specific MDE permit applications; requires developing screening tool.



Greenspace Equity Program







Defines "<u>overburdened</u>" and "<u>underserved</u>" communities.

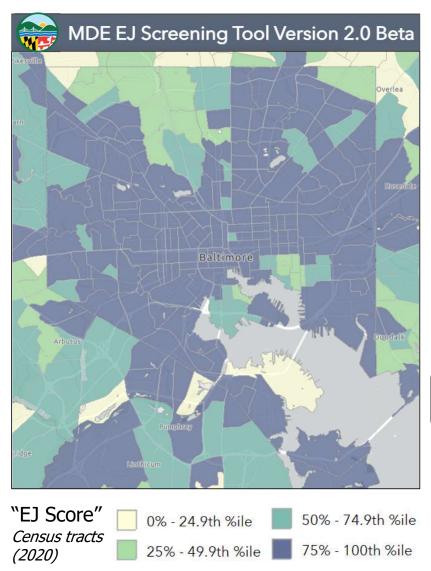


Requires a tool:

Defines 'EJ Scores' and requires score for specific MDE permit applications; requires developing screening tool.

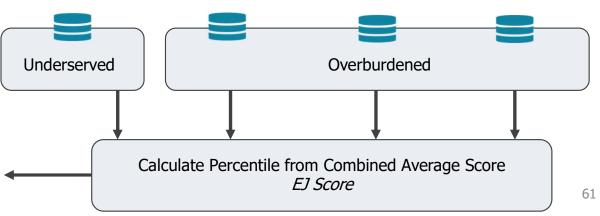


Greenspace Equity Program



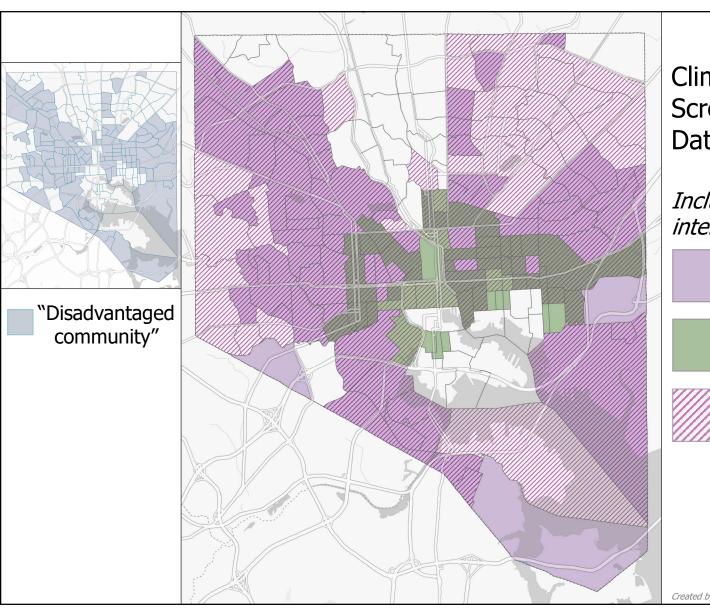
Scale / Unit of Analysis	State of Maryland	
Environmental Justice Definition	"Underserved" communities – meaning they exceed a socioeconomic threshold; "Overburdened" communities – exceed environmental health indicator threshold.	
Concern for Environmental Justice	EJ Score value not required to incorporate indicator threshold being met.	

Method for Calculating EJ Score



Comparing Indicators of Interest for Environmental Justice & Green Space	Baltimore Durdank CEJST	MDE
Historic disinvestment (Redlining scores)	YES High risk areas used as indicator.	NO
Race (% People of Color)	NO Included as context information.	YES <i>Race included in definition.</i>
Lack of green space	YES Impervious surface used as indicator.	NO
Cumulative impact	NO Includes as context information.	YES Includes, but does not set threshold.

Comparing Indicators of Interest for Environmental Justice & Green Space	Parkette Durdank CEJST	2023
Historic disinvestment (Redlining scores)	YES High risk areas used as indicator.	(°°) (°°)
Race (% People of Color)	NO Included as context information.	Greens
Lack of green space	YES Impervious surface used as indicator.	Greenspace Equity Program
Cumulative impact	NO Includes as context information.	In Jes no shold.



Climate & Economic Justice Screening Tool (CEJST) **Datasets**

Including multiple indicators of interest:



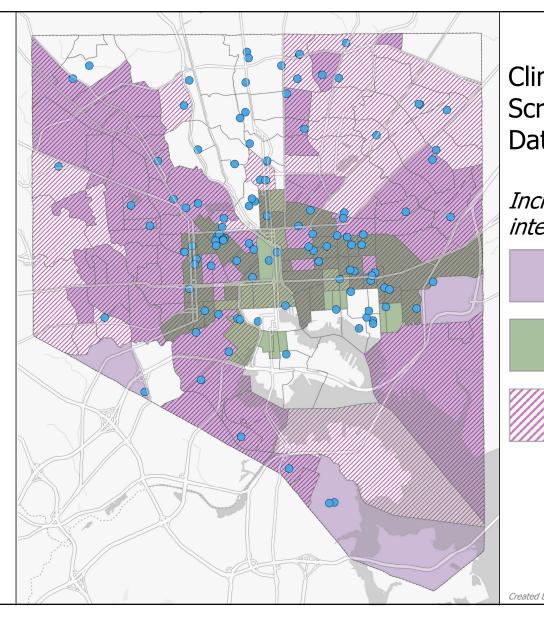
"Disadvantaged community"



Lacking green space



Majority People of Color & historic disinvestment >50% people of color (POC); >50% POC & HOLC grade D (red)



Climate & Economic Justice Screening Tool (CEJST) **Datasets**

Including multiple indicators of interest:



"Disadvantaged community"



Lacking green space



Majority People of Color & historic disinvestment >50% people of color (POC); >50% POC & HOLC grade D (red)

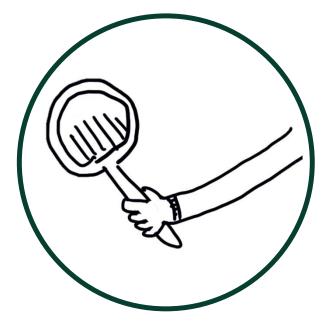


Project location

End of Part 3



Environmental Justice Policy



Screening tools



Green space

Conclusion: Coming full circle



HOT OFF THE PRESSES – **MORE MONEY FOR GREENING PROJECTS!**



Biden-Harris Administration announces \$206 million to selectees to protect and restore Chesapeake Bay through community partnerships March 27, 2024

Contact Information R3 Press (R3Press@epa.gov)

The National Fish and Wildlife Foundation has been selected to receive \$193 million to administer the Small Watershed Grant and Innovative Nutrient and Sediment Reduction programs [over the next four years].

[…] The funding for these grants is provided by a \$83 million investment from the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law [...] Funding for these programs will empower communities to implement local programs to restore the Chesapeake Bay's water quality while advancing President Biden's Justice40 Initiative which set the goal that 40 percent of the overall benefits of certain federal investments flow to disadvantaged communities that are marginalized by underinvestment and

Next Steps

Connecting with housing to build a full neighborhood environment.





Appreciation



Research team

Margaret Buck Holland, PhD – Faculty Advisor Cheryl Knott – Partner Mentor



Tamra Mendelson
Alek Fredriksson
Kristen Markus
ICARE faculty & advisory board members
Cohort 1, 2, and 3
National Science Foundation

**Co









Geography & Environmental Systems Department

Dawn Biehler – *Defense Committee Member*David Lansing – *Graduate Program Director*Donna Dwayer & Robin Schmidbauer Heckathorn
Officemates in 002, Collab group, & GES GSO

Special thanks to all the individuals who remain anonymous in my research and represent a variety of knowledge and expertise; the information I learned from them expanded my understanding around environmental justice, policy, and green space and informs my advocacy efforts in Baltimore.